

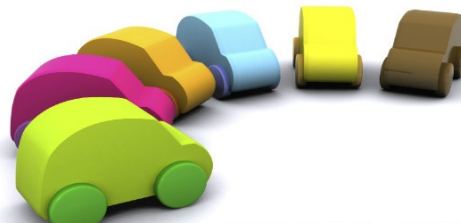


« Cooperative Connected Vehicles (C²V): where IoT meets C-ITS

Prof. Jérôme Härrri

Visit to Prof. Fidler, TU Hannover

February 3rd 2016



Graduate school and research center in communication systems



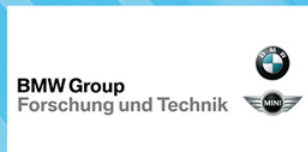
school of Institut Mines Télécom



Academia



Industry and institutions



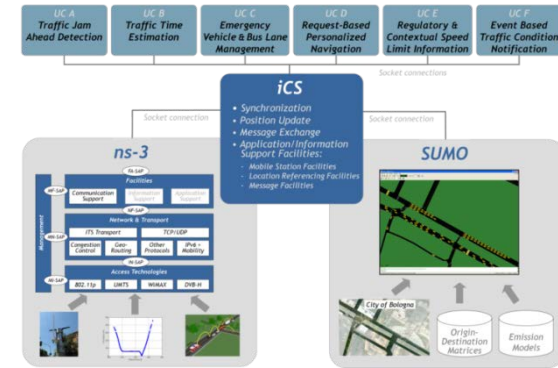
Focus on: Automotive Domain Activities

- **V2X Communications & Networking**
 - Dependable Vehicular Communication
 - 1-hop broadcast & congestion control
 - Contribution to the ETSI ITS, in particular DCC
 - C2C CC WG COM co-chair and subWG DCC chair
 - 5G extensions to automotive domain
 - LTE D2D for safety communication
 - Low latency LTE
- **Vehicular SDN & NFV**
 - IPv6 Vehicular Mobility Management
 - Mobility-aware Content storage and retrieval
 - Vehicular Fog-based processing
- **Vehicular IoX**
 - M2M-compliant IoT architecture for 'connected cars'
 - Data-as-a-service architecture for vehicular & crowd sensing
- **Vehicular Communication Security**
 - Software designed security (security by design)
 - Embedded security

Focus on: Tools and Methodologies

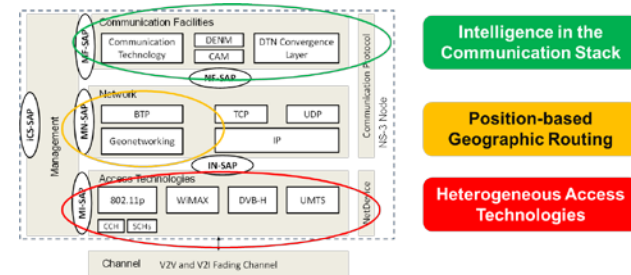
Simulation Platforms

- iTETRIS Platform
 - <http://www.ict-itetris.eu/>
- ns-3 with V2X extensions
 - <https://www.nsnam.org/>
- SUMO
 - <http://sumo.dlr.de>

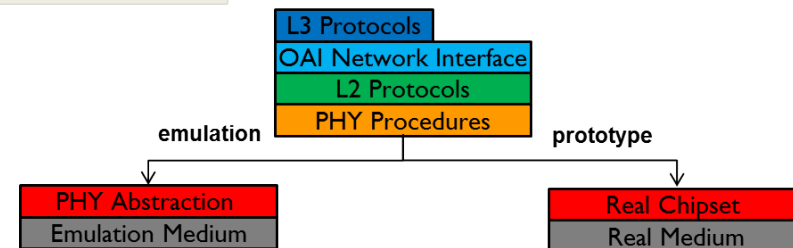


Emulation / Prototyping

- 5G OpenAirInterface
 - <http://openairinterface.eurecom.fr/>
- V2X Prototyping



- Intelligence in the Communication Stack**
- Position-based Geographic Routing**
- Heterogeneous Access Technologies**



EURECOM – Teaching & Research

■ ‘Grande École’ for Communication Systems

- Member of the Elite Cluster SCS
- Architect and co-founder of Com4Innov



SOLUTIONS COMMUNICANTES SECURISEES
POLE DE COMPETITIVITE MONDIAL

■ Research:

- **Mobile & Network Communication** – Massive MIMO, **connected vehicles, IoT, WiFi, 5G, M2M, SDN**
- **Data & Security** – Big Data, Cloud computing, cryptography
- **Multimedia** – Web Semantics, Open Data, Speech/video recognition



■ Teaching:

- **Engineering Track** - Telecom ParisTech
- **International Master Track** – Mobile Communication, Data & Security, Multimedia
- **Post-Master Track** – <http://www.eurecom.fr/en/teaching/post-master-degree>
 - **Cooperative Communications for ITS**
 - Security of Computer Systems

Academia



Industry



Institution



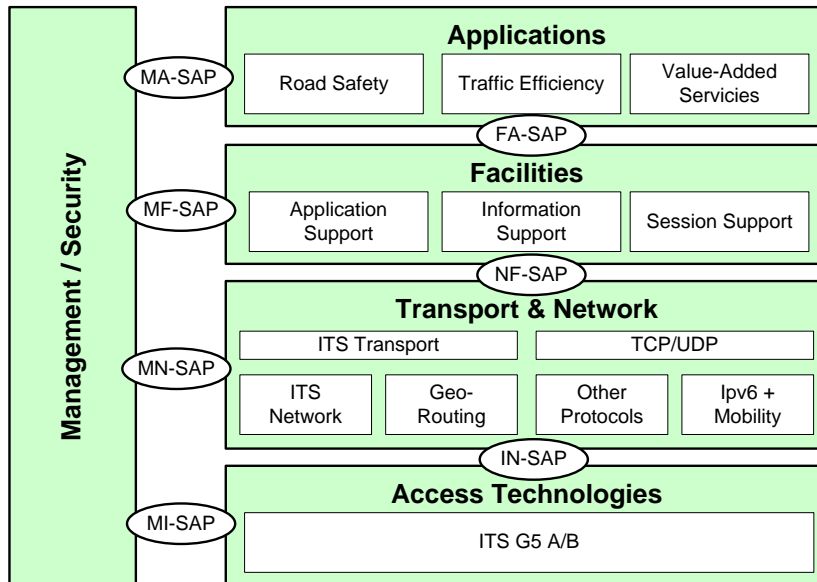
Founding Member



C-ITS Applications – Day 1

Architecture, Technologies & Applications

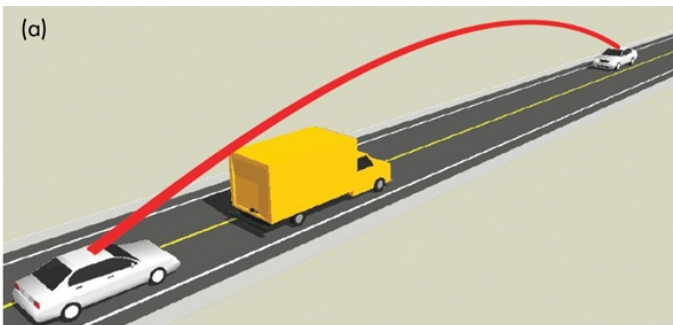
ETSI Technical Committee on ITS



Source: C2C-CC

Applications

- **Active Road Safety**
 - Cooperative awareness
 - Hazard warning
- **Cooperative Traffic Efficiency**
 - Adaptive speed management
 - Cooperative navigation



Technology

- **ITS-G5**
 - IEEE 802.11 for vehicular environment
 - a.k.a: 802.11p, **DSRC**

C-ITS Applications – DAY 2

Objective: Highly Autonomous Driving

- Not such a new idea

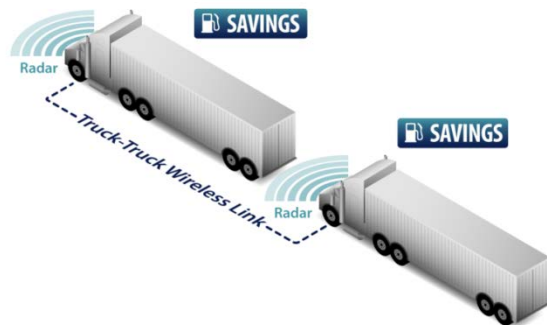


- A very marketized idea...

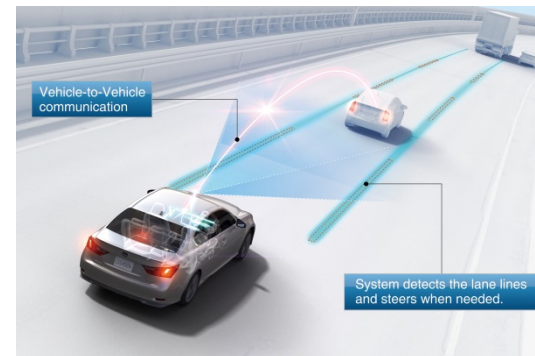


Source: google

- ...yet a very ambitious idea



Source: US Peloton

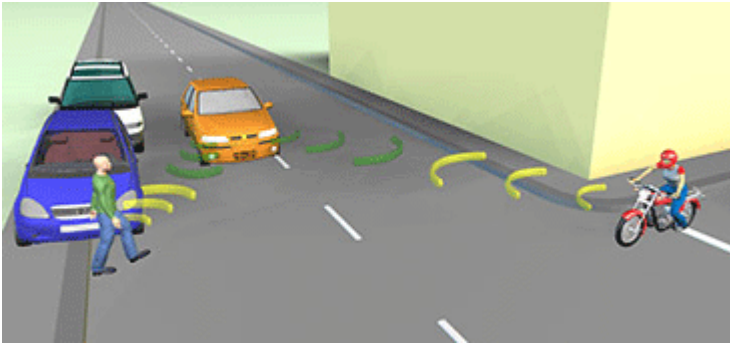


Source: toyota

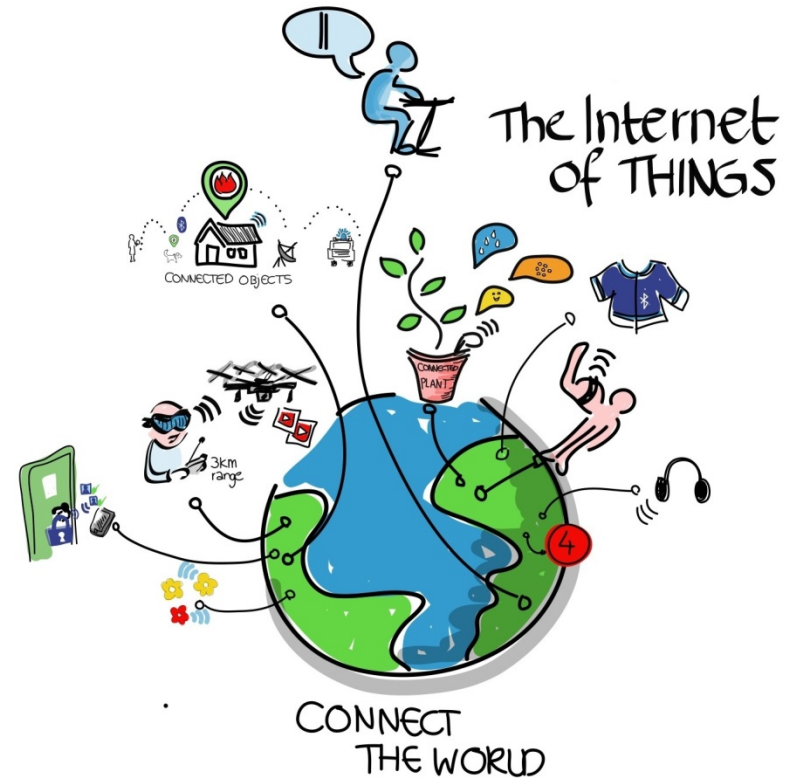
C-ITS Applications – DAY 2

Objective: Vulnerable Road Users

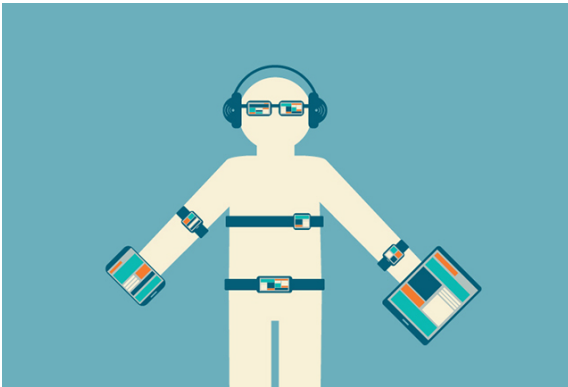
- C-ITS not only between Vehicles



- C-ITS is part of the Internet-of-things



- C-ITS connects to wearable devices

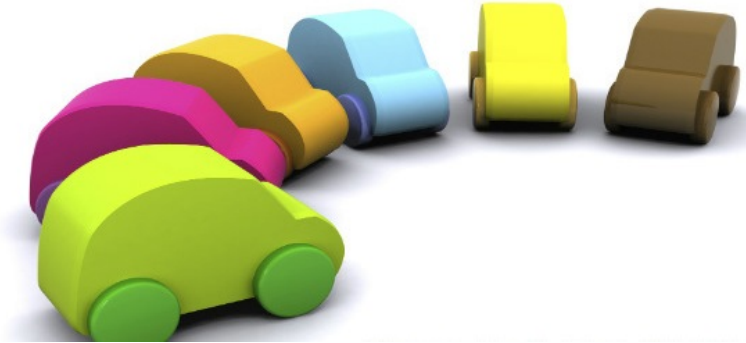


From 'Cooperative' to 'Connected' - A Change in the Eco-System

■ Cooperative vehicle

- driven by car industry

DAIMLER



■ Connected vehicle (things)

- driven by Internet & wireless industry



QUALCOMM



Alcatel-Lucent



ERICSSON



HUAWEI



C²V Case Study: H2020 HIGHTS Project

■ HIGHTS: High Precision Positioning for Cooperative ITS

➤ Start: 1st May 2015

■ Topic:

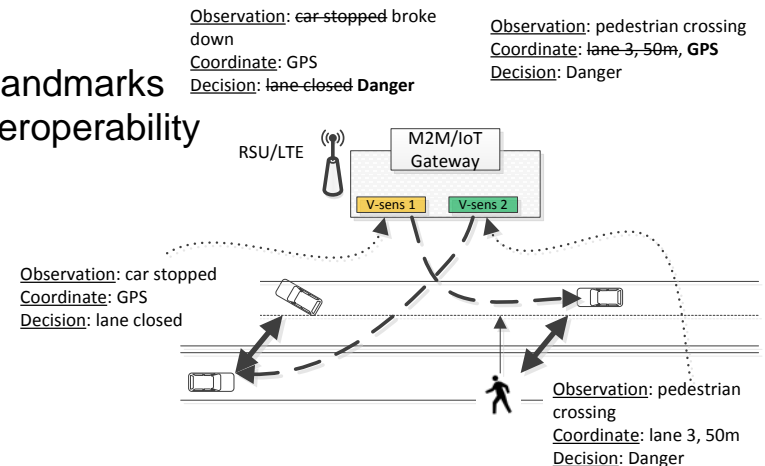
- Cooperative Positioning providing sub-meter (<0.5m) precision
- Positioning service for autonomous driving and vulnerable road users



■ Situation:

- Ego localization with laser/radars/cameras show a high potential for self positioning, but..
 - not efficient in bad conditions (weather, traffic, curves, etc..), expensive, not interoperable
- Objective: innovative use of C²V to
 - **Cooperate** to enhance positioning
 - **Connect** to an IoT to exchange navigation and landmarks
 - **Unify** landmark semantics for cross-platform interoperability

■ Partners:



C²V: Cooperative Communication – G5 vs. 5G

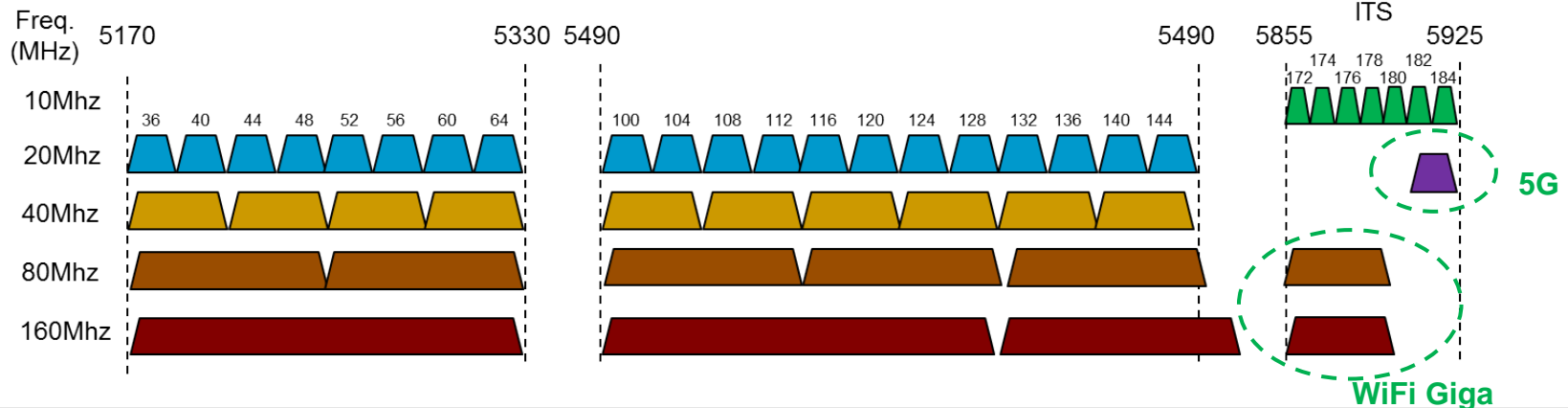
■ Penetration rate

- Device Market Penetration:
 - G5: Enabled cars → 50% in 15 years
 - 5G: Smartphones/things → 50% in 2 years
- Network:
 - G5: Road Side Units will be deployed in the next years
 - 5G: Network already available and in expansion

■ Ubiquity

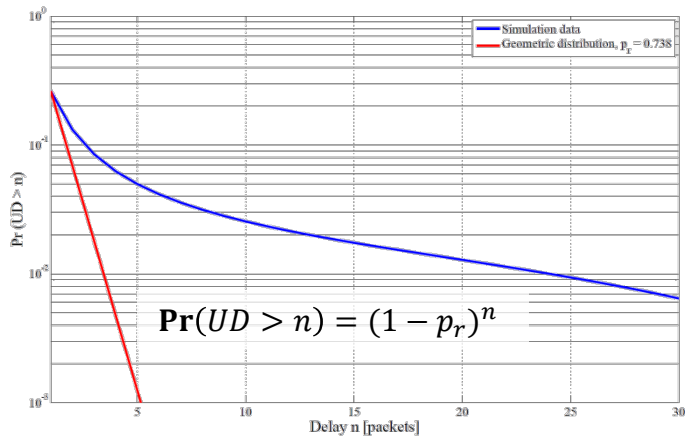


■ Frequency bands

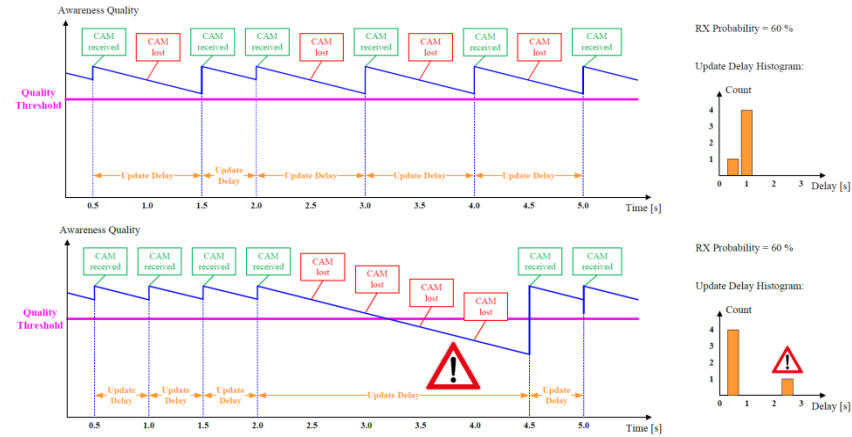


C²V: Cooperative Communication – G5 vs. 5G

G5 for Safety Automotive

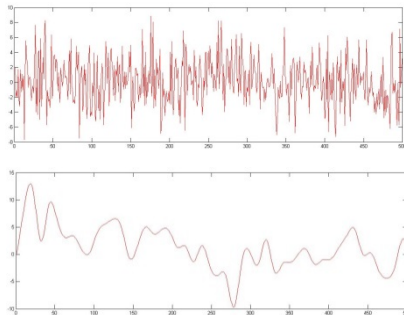


IRT shows signs of correlations (simulations)



Correlated IRT has a bad impact on C-ITS at constant PRR

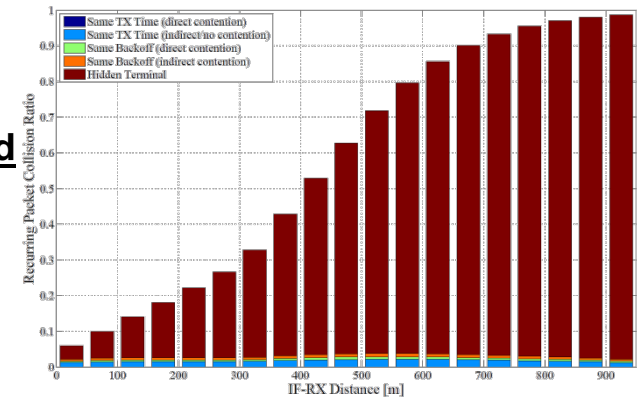
Correlated Shadowing



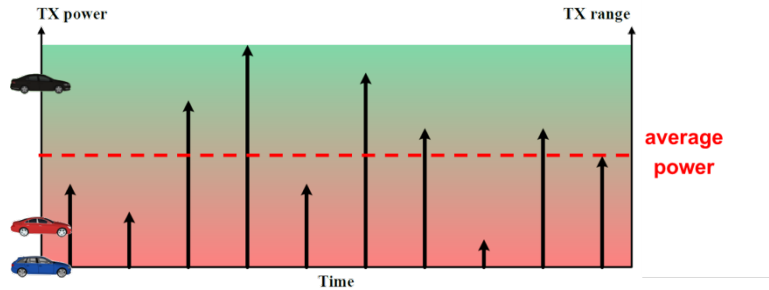
Correlated Mobility



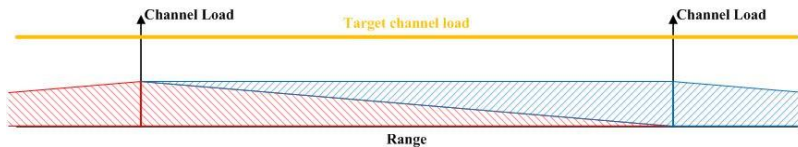
Correlated Hidden Terminal



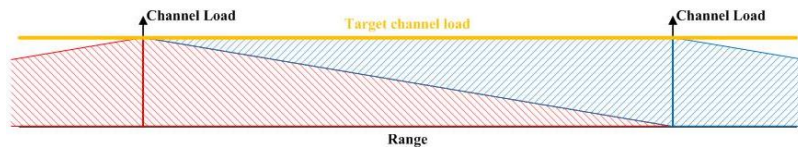
C²V: Cooperative Communication – G5 vs. 5G



↓ **Random Tx Power Control – reduces Channel Load**



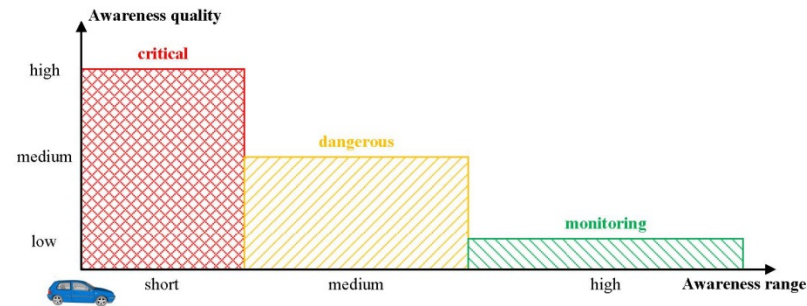
↓ **Tx Rate Control: Uses the 'leftover' channel load to increase awareness quality**



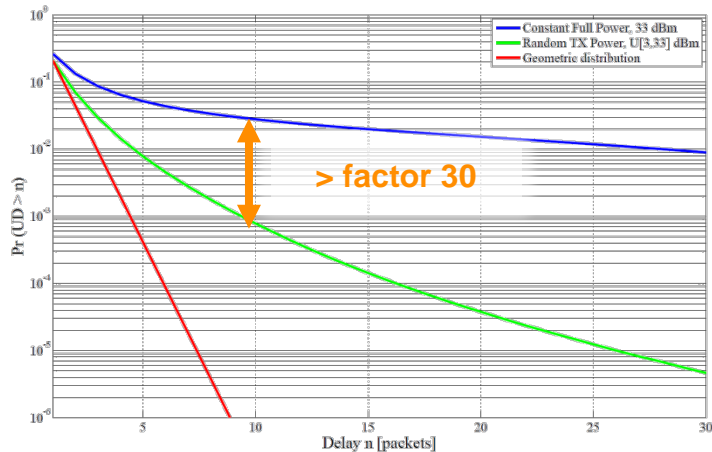
■ Fish-Eye Awareness Control

- **Random Tx Power Control** to mitigate correlated packet collisions
- **Tx Rate Control** to increase awareness quality

Fish-Eye Awareness



C²V: Cooperative Communication – G5 vs. 5G



Source: Volvo

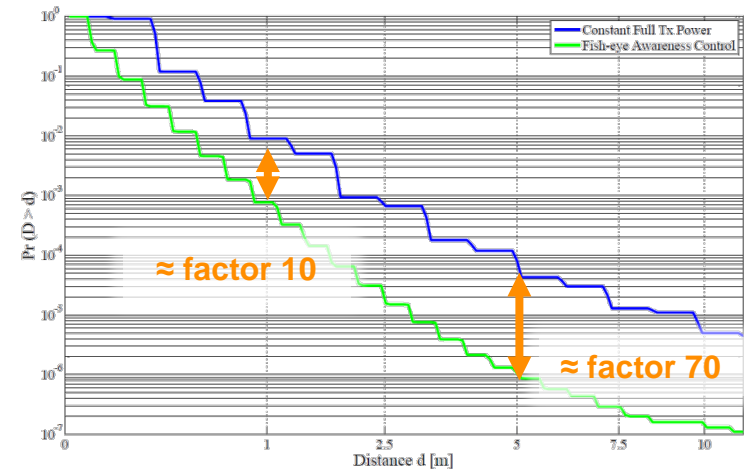
Fish-Eye Awareness on position error

- Factor 10 at 1m
- Factor 70 at 5m

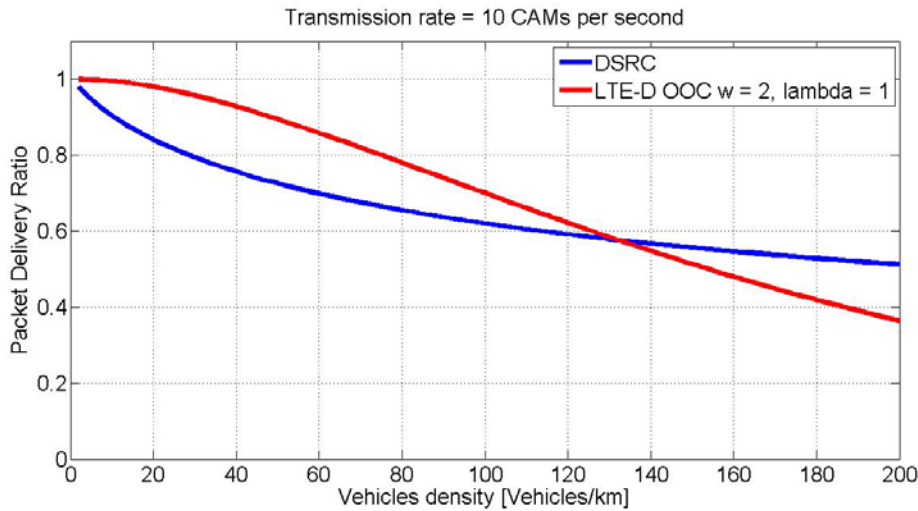
Fish-Eye Awareness on IRT

- Decorrelate hidden node-related collision
- Factor 30 improvement at 1Hz

Reference: B. Kloiber, J. Härri, T. Strang, C. Rico Garcia, **Random transmit power control for DSRC and its application to cooperative safety**, IEEE Trans. of Dependable and Secured Communication, Volume PP, N°99, 2015



C²V: Cooperative Communication – G5 vs. 5G

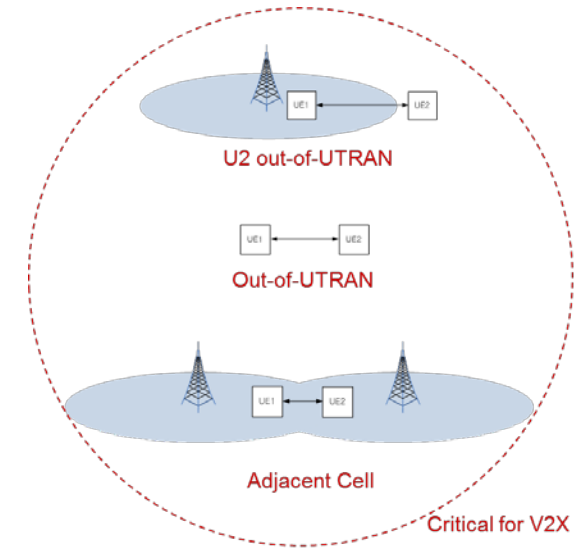


PRR

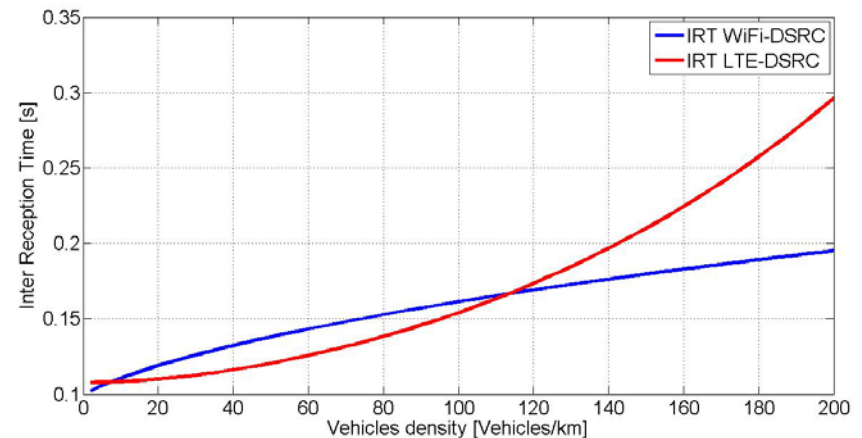
Performance metric:

- TX-centric - probability of successful packet reception (PRR) (packet delivery rate)
- RX-centric – Inter-reception Time (IRT) between two successive CAM

Reference: Laurent Gallo, Jérôme Härrri, “Dedicated Short Range LTE for V2X Direct Broadcast Communications”, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology (to be submitted), 2016



IRT



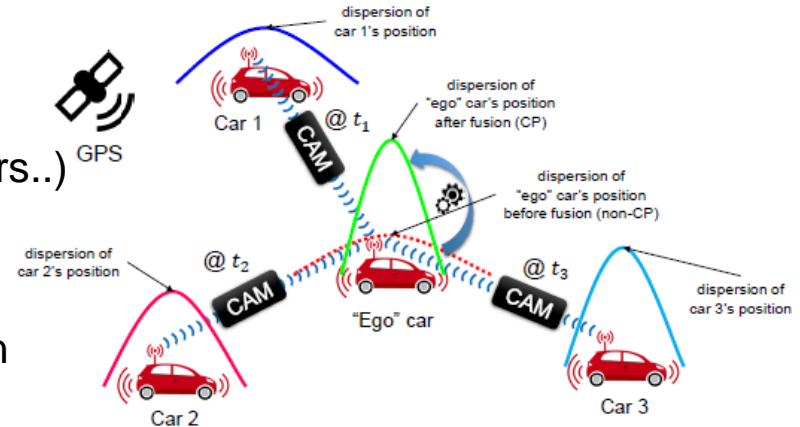
C²V: Cooperative Localization

■ Non-cooperative Localization:

- Use of GPS and known fixed anchors
- Use on-board devices (laser scanners, radars..)

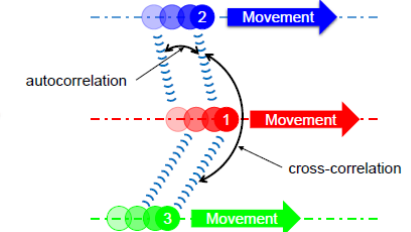
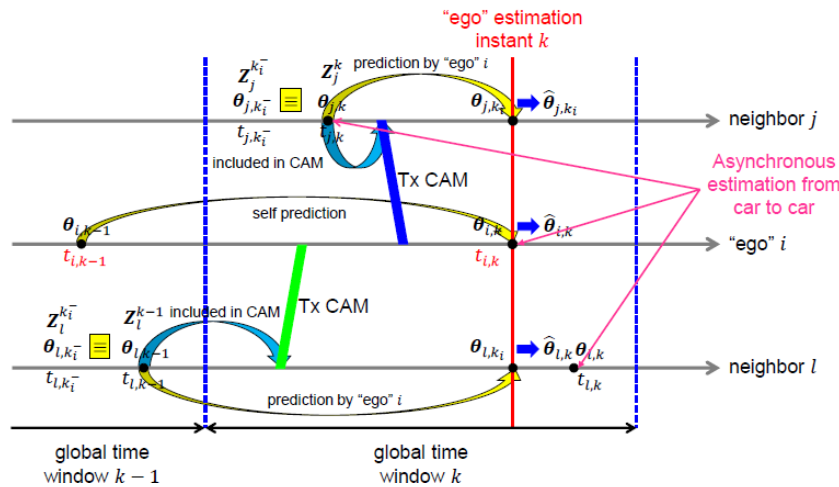
■ Cooperative Localization:

- Use Cooperating vehicles as landmark
- Neighbor selection for optimal multilateration



■ Challenges of Cooperative Communications

- Asynchronous sampling
- Not all neighbors are born equal
 - Various GPS quality
- Correlation (space and time) in samples



C²V: Cooperative Localization

■ Bayes Link Selection Criterion

➤ Link Selection - General goals

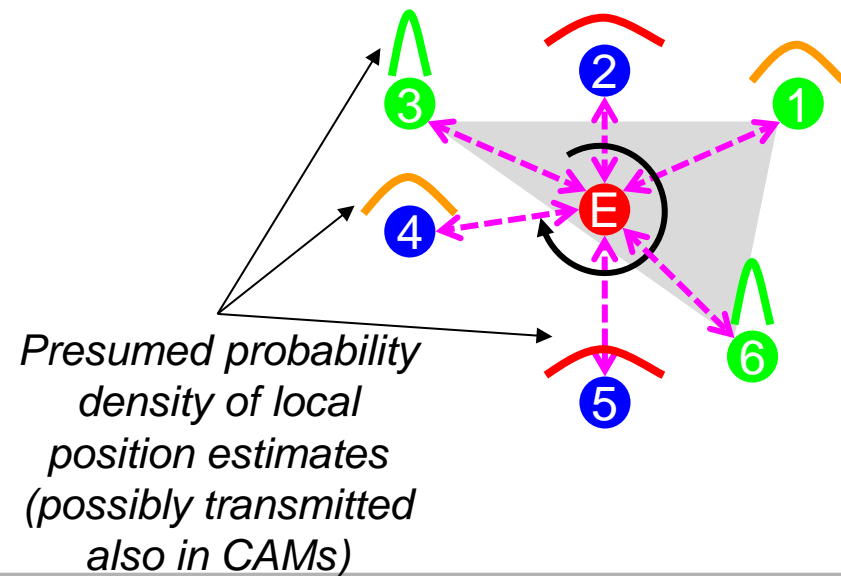
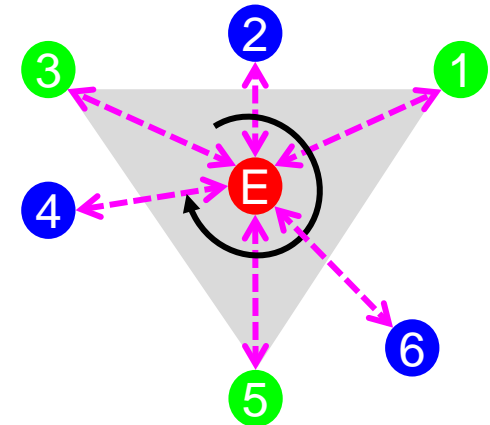
1. ↓ (reduce) computational complexity
2. ↓ (reduce) communication loads

➤ Non-Bayesian CRLB criterion

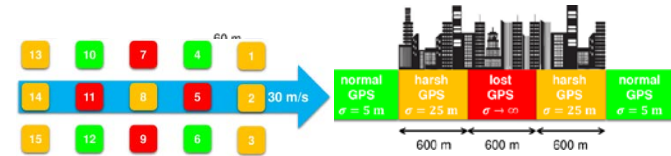
1. Radio link quality
2. Geometry of reference vehicles

➤ Bayesian CRLB criterion

1. Radio link quality
2. Geometry of reference vehicles
3. **Uncertainty of neighbors' estimated positions**



C²V: Cooperative Localization

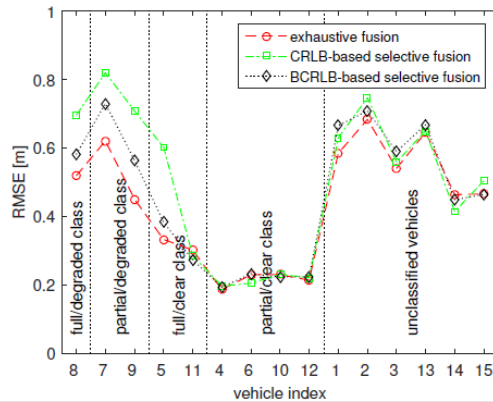


Cooperative Localization

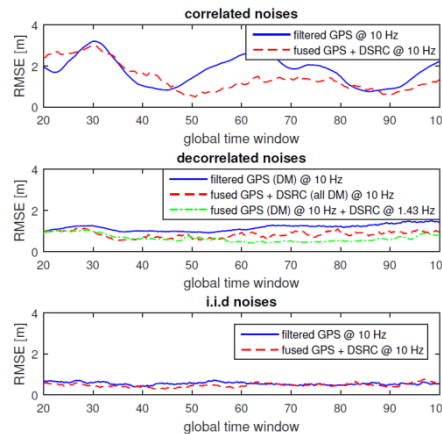
- Benefits:
 - Helps in degraded GPS conditions
- Drawback:
 - Complex fusion; careful neighbor selection

Challenges:

- Heterogeneous Neighbor Quality

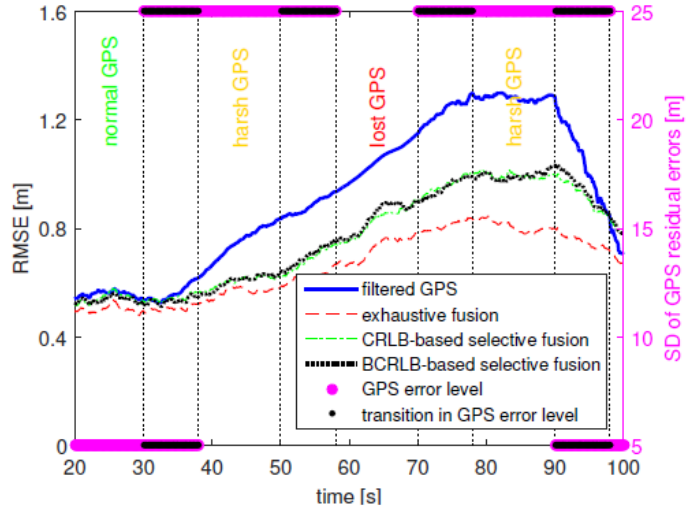


- Correlated Localization

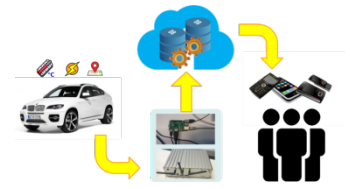


- References

- M. Hoang, B. Denis, J. Härrä, D. Slock, **Select Thy Neighbors: Low Complexity Link Selection for High Precision Cooperative Vehicular Localization**, IEEE Vehicular Networking Conference
- M. Hoang, B. Denis, J. Härrä, D. Slock, **Breaking the Gridlock of Spatial Correlation in GPS-aided IEEE 802.11p-based Cooperative Positioning**, under revision, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology



C²V: Connected Services



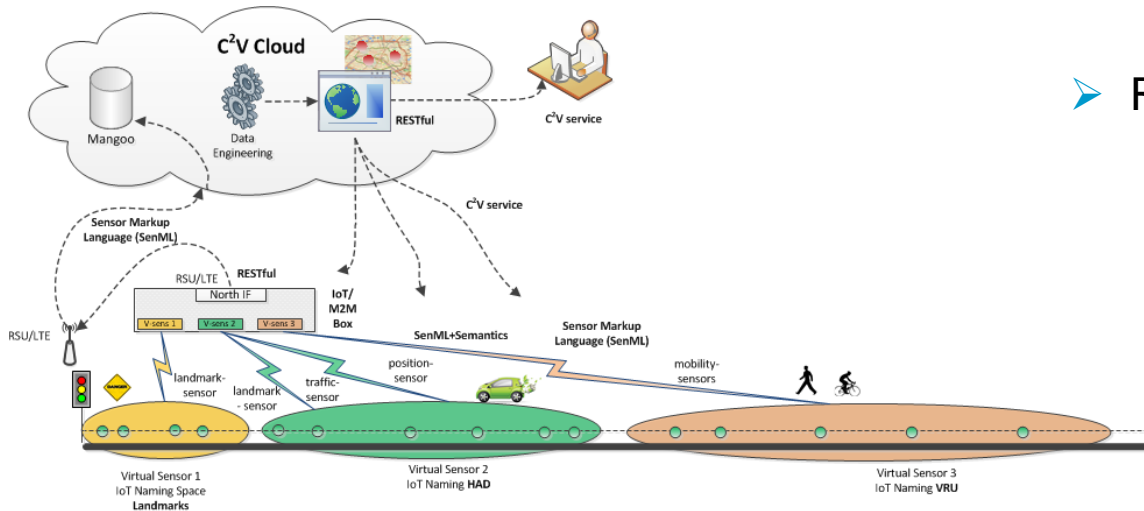
■ C²V data as a 'Service' to data consumers

- C²V Data needs to be discovered
- C²V Data needs to be processed
- C²V Data is shared by C-ITS services

■ Initial architecture specification

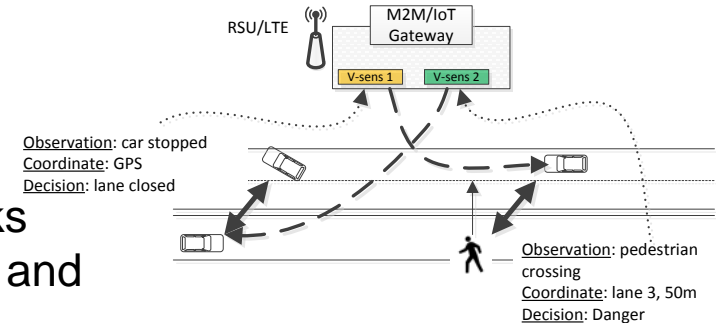
- IoT/M2M for cooperative localization/landmarks
- Adapted to Highly Autonomous Driving (HAD) and Vulnerable Road Users (VRU)

■ IoT/M2M architecture for C²V Services



Observation: car-stopped broke down
Coordinate: GPS
Decision: lane-closed Danger

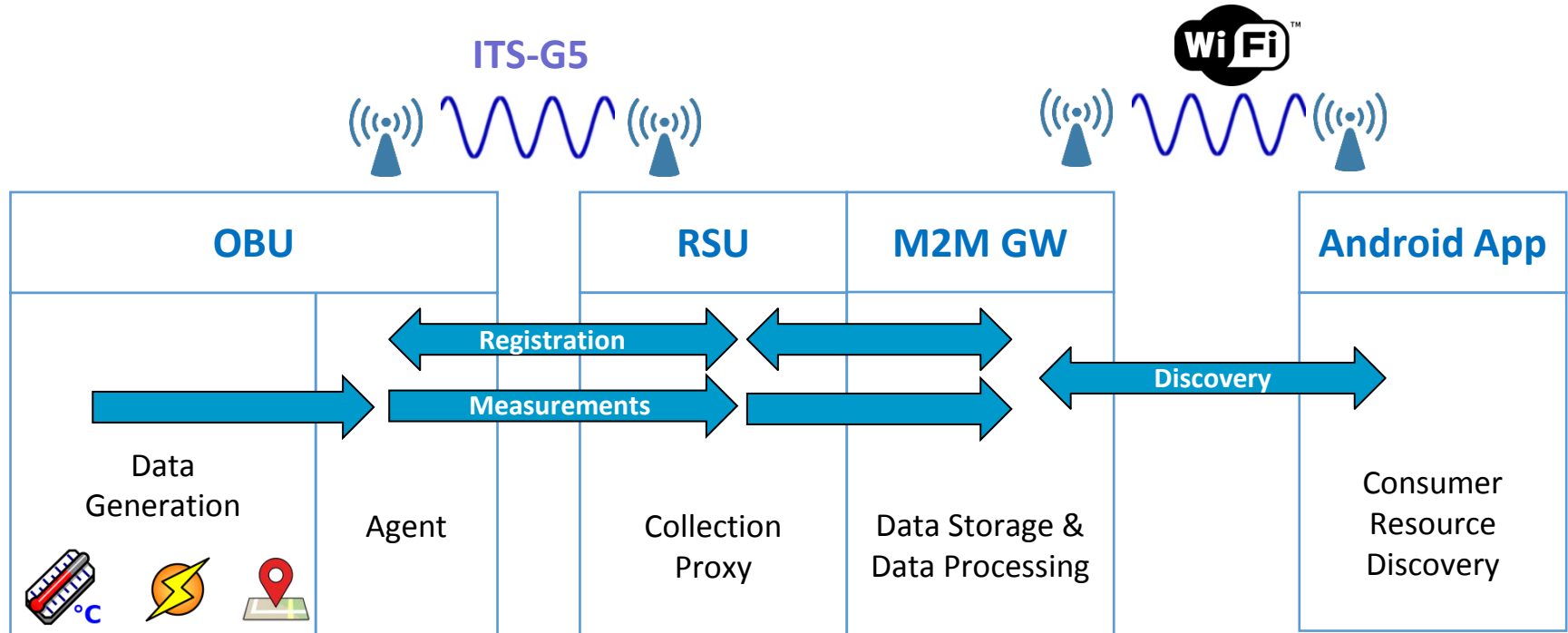
Observation: pedestrian crossing
Coordinate: lane-3, 50m, GPS
Decision: Danger



➤ Reference

- Datta, Soumya Kanti; Bonnet, Christian; Härrri, Jérôme **Fog computing architecture to enable consumer centric Internet of Things services**, IEEE ISCE 2015, 19th IEEE International Symposium on Consumer Electronics, June 24-26 2015, Madrid, Spain

C²V – Connected Services



Cooperative Connected Vehicles (C2V): where IoT meets C-ITS

■ C²V – bridging two eco-systems

- Automotive & Wireless Industry
- Different operations:
 - C-ITS – horizontal
 - IoT – vertical



■ IoT in C-ITS – Cars as Connected Objects

- Ubiquitous IoT/M2M architecture
- Local resource discovery through C-ITS communication
- Unified Services

■ IoT / M2M architecture in C-ITS domain

- Transparent to C²V technology (5G or G5)
- Extensible to different IoT domains
 - Smart Driving
 - Smart City / Traffic
 - Electro-Mobility
 - ...



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